

which particle diagram represents one pure substance only

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What is particle in the syntax? - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange

In addition to the interrogative particle 'ara' in Greek or 'ne' in Latin, a speaker/writer could signal that the expected answer was 'yes', by using instead the particle arou (Greek) or nonne (Latin), or could signal the opposite by using instead the particle (s) 'ara may (αρά μν). They are indicating to us 'how to take the sentence'.

particle vs preposition? How to know the difference?

I tried to research the difference between particle and preposition in phrasal verb, but the information on this website is not very clear. According to the website, in "She is making up excuse...

"Particulate" vs. "particle" [closed] - English Language & Usage Stack ...

What's the difference between particulate and particle? Should it be diesel particulates or diesel particles, and why? Could you provide three or more examples where it should use particulate rat...

Initial capitalization of foreign surnames with 'particles' when ...

Fortunately, The Chicago Manual of Style (16th edition) deals with this question on page 388: 8.5 Names with particles. Many names include particles such as de, d', de la, von, van, and ten. Practice with regard to capitalization and spacing the particles varies widely, and confirmation should be sought in a biographical dictionary or other authoritative source. When the surname is used alone ...

Is "don't" a particle of its own? - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange

The sentence * Why do not you just do it? sounds ungrammatical to me, but Why don't you just do it? seems fine. (I am not a native speaker.) I have three questions: Is "don't" a particle of its own? Is there a name for this grammatical phenomenon? Are there other cases besides negated questions where don't cannot be deconstructed?

The past participle of "split": "split" or "splitted"?

The past tense, and past participle of "split" is "split". I don't think that "splitted" is grammatical, though I dare say it gets used.

prepositions - When can we change the order of the particle and the ...

If you have a phrasal verb, that erstwhile preposition is now part of the verb, and we can call it a particle. What makes this whole thing a thing is the fact that the meaning of the verb plus particle is different than if it were just verb and preposition. Grammaticization is like lexicalization; both processes create new units of meaning.

grammar - English Language & Usage Stack Exchange

In the question [What is the grammar underpinning] You're too clever a man to imagine this, Laurel explains that this is termed the Big Mess Construction (see Arnold & Sadler; 2014) She made ...

syntactic analysis - Do adverbs take complements? - English Language ...

Edit/ Addendum (I would like to hear what people think about this) Based on the comments and answers so far, it seems that: Yes, some adverbs do take complements but arguments have been made against parsing 'away' as an adverb in my example. 'away' ought to be parsed as a preposition with a pp as a landmark 'away' and 'from' combine to form a single preposition BillJ, says that, according to ...

grammar - In "go to sleep", is "to" a particle or a preposition

...

Incidentally, 'particle' is not a word category (part of speech). Most so-called particles are prepositions occurring between verb and object as in "Kim took the suitcase down" ~ "Kim took down the suitcase".