

# paternal or maternal

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## **Prader-Willi syndrome - Symptoms and causes - Mayo Clinic**

Prader-Willi syndrome occurs because certain paternal genes that should be expressed aren't because: Paternal genes on chromosome 15 are missing. The child inherited two copies of chromosome 15 from the mother and no chromosome 15 from the father. There's some change in paternal genes on chromosome 15.

## **Twin pregnancy: Getting ready for twins or multiples**

Sometimes a twin or triplet pregnancy just happens. Other times, specific factors are at play. For example, a twin pregnancy is more likely as you get older. That's because hormonal changes can cause an ovary to release more than one egg at a time. Use of fertility treatments such as in vitro fertilization to become pregnant also raises the odds of twins or other multiples.

## **Postpartum depression - Symptoms and causes - Mayo Clinic**

Postpartum depression in fathers — sometimes called paternal postpartum depression — can have the same negative effect on partner relationships and child development as postpartum depression in mothers can.

## **Angelman syndrome - Symptoms and causes - Mayo Clinic**

Rarely, Angelman syndrome is caused when two paternal copies of the gene are passed down instead of one from each parent. Risk factors Angelman syndrome is rare. Researchers often don't know what causes the genetic changes that result in the disease. Most people with Angelman syndrome don't have a family history.

## **Noonan syndrome - Symptoms and causes - Mayo Clinic**

A changed gene causes Noonan syndrome. A child inherits a copy of an affected gene from a parent. This is called dominant inheritance. The condition also can occur as a spontaneous change. This means there's no family history involved. Doctors manage Noonan syndrome by controlling the symptoms and complications. They may use a growth hormone to treat short height in some people with Noonan ...

## **Fetal and maternal care in Minnesota - Overview - Mayo Clinic**

Mayo Clinic Connect: Pregnancy Women with complex pregnancies who turn to the maternal-fetal medicine specialists at Mayo Clinic find assurance in receiving compassionate care incorporating advanced diagnostic and treatment approaches. Our maternal-fetal medicine experts work with a multidisciplinary team that includes specialists in treating children with congenital conditions

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## **Fetal alcohol syndrome - Symptoms and causes - Mayo Clinic**

Overview Fetal alcohol syndrome is a condition in a child that results from alcohol exposure during the mother's pregnancy. Drinking alcohol during pregnancy can cause the child to have disabilities related to behavior, learning and thinking, and physical development. The symptoms of fetal alcohol syndrome vary from child to child but are lifelong.

## **Pregnancy after 35: Healthy pregnancies, healthy babies - Mayo Clinic**

Pregnancy after 35 takes special care. Here's help giving your baby the best start.

## **Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis (FSGS) - Mayo Clinic**

Focal segmental glomerulosclerosis (FSGS) is a disease in which scar tissue develops on the glomeruli, the small parts of the kidneys that filter waste from the blood. FSGS can be caused by a variety of conditions. FSGS is a serious condition that can lead to kidney failure, which can only be treated with dialysis or kidney transplant. Treatment options for FSGS depend on the type you have.

## **Publications - Ethylin W. Jabs, M.D. - Mayo Clinic**

The paternal-age effect in Apert syndrome is due, in part, to the increased frequency of mutations in sperm. *Am J Hum Genet.* 2003 Oct; 73 (4):939-47 Epub 2003 July 31